

POETRY.

For the Boston Morning Post.
POPULAR MELODIES—No. 5.

BY C. W. W.

THE POOR MAN.

What Man is poor? not he whose brow
Is bathed in Heaven's own light,
Whose knee to God alone must bow,
At morning and at night—
Whose arm is nerve by healthful toil,
Who sits beneath the tree,
Or trends upon the fruitful soil,
With spirit calm and free.

Go—let the proud his gems behold,
And view their sparkling ray,—
No silver vase or yellow gold
Can banish care away—
He cannot know that thrilling dream
Which smiles within the cot,
Where sunny looks and faces gleam,
To cheer the poor man's lot.

What Man is poor? not he whose brow
Is wet with Heaven's own dew,
Who breathes to God the heart-deep vow,
Whose pledge is deep and true.
The morning calls his active feet
To no enervating drowse,
But evening and the twilight sweet
Shall light his pathway home.

And there is music in his ear
In the glad voice of his child,
His wife with hurried step draws near,
And spirit undimmed—
Then turn not from the humble heart,
Nor scorn its cheerful tone,
For deeper feelings there may start,
Than the proud have ever known.

MYSTERIOUS FACTS.

The following, says the New York Mirror, are the circumstances upon which Mr Fay's forthcoming novel is founded:—

"It must be within the memory of some of our readers—that who have been residents of the city for 25 or 30 years—and younger inhabitants have probably heard the story from their seniors—that a supposed murder was committed, at or about the beginning of the present century, with circumstances of peculiar mystery, which has never yet been cleared up—and probably, from the length of time that has since elapsed, never will, to mortal understanding. The facts were briefly these: An apparent attachment subsisted between a young woman, largely endowed with personal attractions, an orphan, residing with her aunt in Greenwich street, and a man of nearly her own age, who lived in the house as a boarder. His disposition was kind and gentle; and these qualities were peculiarly displayed towards children, for whom he exhibited even a remarkable fondness. One morning in the winter of 1799, the young lady entered the sleeping-room of her aunt, to whom, after some hesitation and embarrassment, she mentioned confidentially, that she was about to marry Mr W., and then burst into tears. The cause of her emotion she persisted in concealing, and it seemed to be increased rather than diminished by the efforts of her relative to afford consolation. In the course of the day she borrowed a muff from an acquaintance living in the neighborhood, but without mentioning the purpose for which she obtained it.

In the evening there was a fall of snow, and at about seven o'clock, the aunt heard steps as of two persons going through the hall, and immediately after, the sound of closing the front door. Curious to know who they might be, she went to the door, and looking out, could perceive through the darkness the forms of two persons, a man and woman, hastening from the house, at a short distance from which they stepped into a sleigh, and rapidly disappeared in a northern direction; the house, although at present nearly in the heart of the city, was at that time in the suburbs. The old lady immediately sought her niece throughout her dwelling, but neither she nor Mr W. was to be found, and the conclusion was that they had gone to be privately united. The evening wore away; 10 o'clock sounded from the timepiece in the corner of the room; eleven—and yet they did not return. The members of the household were seated around the fire in anxious and wondering expectation, for the aunt had communicated to her family and the other boarders, all she knew in relation to the absence of her niece, when suddenly the young man entered alone. "Where is she?" he replied. The name of the young lady was mentioned, and he answered, "She may be in heaven, for any thing I know." This answer, of course, excited much surprise and anxiety, which were not a little increased by his denial of having gone out with her, or of even having seen her that evening.

Search was made in every direction, but for no purpose; no tidings of her could be obtained, and she was never again seen in life. About ten days after, a muff was found floating in an old well, at some distance out of town, as the localities then were, (in Spring street, we believe) and on examination proved to be that borrowed by the young lady, whose mysterious disappearance had by this time created a deep and universal sensation. The well was searched, and the body found, with marks of violence upon it; bruised hands and fingers; and it was then remembered that marks of sleigh-runners, and of horses' feet, had been perceived about the spot, on the morning after the fall of snow. The suspicions which had gathered around the supposed companion of her flight, now ripened into accusation—he was arrested, committed and tried, but as no other facts could be ascertained than those we have related, an acquittal for want of evidence was the unavoidable result. He soon after left the country, and no farther tidings of him were ever received, except vague and uncertain reports. We have been induced to recall these mysterious circumstances, by the fact that they have been taken as the subject of a novel by a distinguished American writer; it is nearly finished, as we understand, and will be published early in the present year.

CURIOUS CATECHISM.

During the war of the Peninsula, when all parties in Spain united to stir up the minds of the people against Napoleon, the priests on their part endeavored to inspire them with a sort of religious fanaticism, and the following is the catechism (as given by Mignet,) which they made use of, in effecting their purpose, with the lower and more ignorant classes of the people:—

'Tell me, child, who art thou?'
'A Spaniard, by the grace of God.'
'Who is the enemy of our happiness?'
'The emperor of the French.'
'How many natures has he?'
'Two: the human and the diabolic nature.'
'How many emperors of the French are there?'
'One, in three deceitful persons.'
'What are their names?'

'Napoleon, Murat, and Manuel Godoi.'
'Which of the three is most wicked?'
'They are all three equally wicked.'
'Whence did Napoleon proceed?'
'From sin.'
'Murat?'
'From Napoleon.'
'And Godoi?'
'From the fornication of the two.'
'What is the spirit of the first?'
'Pride and despotism.'
'Of the second?'
'Rape and cruelty.'
'Of the third?'
'Avarice, treason, and ignorance.'
'What are the French?'
'Ancient Christians become heretics.'
'Is there any sin in putting a Frenchman to death?'
'No, my father, we gain heaven by putting one of these heretic dogs to death.'
'What punishment does the Spaniard deserve, who is wanting in his duty?'
'The death and infamy of traitors.'
'What shall deliver us from our enemies?'
'Confidence in each other and in our arms.'
—N. Y. Transcript.

NEW BOOKS.—The Cruise of the Potomac round the world, during the years 1833 & '34—with engravings. China and the English, or the Character and Manners of the Chinese—written for Abbott's Fireside Series—for sale by J29—1w MARSH, CAPEN & LYON.

CARRAGEEN, OR IRISH MOSS. 4 crates of this much esteemed article, with directions for use, just received from Ireland, and for sale in parcels to suit purchasers by HENSHAW & CO, 29 Granite stores, Commercial wharf. 6m

NEW BOOKS.—The Quagga—by the author of "Misadventures of Trazie Pumpkin"—The Pic-nic, and other tales. Grammett's Log—Leaves from my Log Book—By Flexible Grammett, P. M.
The Princess or the Beguine—by Lady Morgan, author of "O'Donnell," &c. 2 vols. For sale by MARSH, CAPEN & LYON. 12

JUST RECEIVED a splendid assortment of Boston made Stocks, far superior to any thing ever offered for sale in this market.
Also, 2 cases of Umbrellas, beautiful patterns. oct 6 NATH'L P. SNELLING, 10 Congress street

S. S. LYNDE intending to close his business on the 20th inst., will offer his goods at such prices as will insure the sale of his whole stock previous to that time.
An opportunity is offered to families to supply themselves with staple goods at a great reduction from regular prices. Ribbons will be sold only by the piece.
No charges will be made. J30

NEW YEAR.—The subscriber has just received on consignment, 4 boxes, containing 40 embroidered Nankin Cape Scarfs.
The above very beautiful article (the first of the kind in this city) will be opened this morning, and just in season for New Year's Presents. For sale by E. K. WHITAKER. J29

THE LADY'S BOOK.—Vol. 10, No. 1.—The Lady's Book, containing a variety of original and selected Literary Compositions—embellished with engravings, and with beautiful illustrations of the prevailing fashions—also various patterns for ornamental embroidery, &c. &c. Just received by MARSH, CAPEN & LYON, Agents for the work. J29

COTTON.—39 bales, slightly damaged by fresh water, landing ex ship Seaman, for sale by FERDINAND E. WHITE, 22 Long wharf. 10tis

HOUSE FOR SALE.—For sale, a modern built brick house near Salem street, 3 stories high, with two kitchens, two parlors and nine chambers, a small yard, and all the usual conveniences. The estate will be sold low, with liberal accommodations as to payment.
Also—a large and convenient House opposite the Washington Bank, modern built and in good order. Apply to CHARLES MCINTIRE, 5 Exchange st. J17

HENRY TYLER has removed from Ann street to Blackstone street, south side, between Ann and Hanover streets, where he will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of New and Second Hand CLOTHING, Cheap for Cash.
Clothing cleaned or exchanged.
H. T. returns thanks to his friends for past favors, and respectfully solicits a continuance. Clothing made and repaired in style. 6m—n8

STRANGERS' AND CITIZENS' INTELLIGENCE OFFICE. No 56 Brattle street, nearly opposite Stone's City Tavern.
At this Office young men can always obtain situations in stores as book keepers, salesmen and general clerks; also, situations in hotels as bar keepers, porters, and waiters; also, situations as hostlers, coachmen and all sorts of laboring work. Females can obtain desirable employment as housekeepers, seamstresses, cooks, chamber maids, nursery maids &c. Boys can obtain good occupation at trades and to do light work.
Houses bought and sold, let and advertised.
N. B.—Merchants and others will take notice that the subscriber will furnish them with faithful help of all kinds, without charge. WM. LEWIS, Jr.

THE LADIES NEED NOT GO A HOUSE-KEEPING.—The subscriber would again draw the attention of the public to the peculiar advantages to be derived in consulting his House Register. He has several men constantly engaged in perambulating the streets, whose duty it is to furnish this Register with all houses and parts of houses vacant or about to be so. He only charges 25 cents and no further commissions for a peep at his Register, which sum when paid entitles the person to a daily perusal, until the wants and wishes of his customers as regards a house are satisfied. feb 12 J. A. SILLOWAY, 26 Exchange st.

WANTED.—Three smart intelligent young men to canvass the city to procure all houses, parts of houses, rooms and stores, that are vacant, for the benefit of tenants and others—apply to WM. LEWIS, Jr. 56 Brattle st. J12

TO LET.—A large store, No 25 Union st, with two lofty above, being one of the best situations for trade in the city, and rent low—apply to WM. LEWIS, Jr. 56 Brattle st. J12

WITHOUT COST.—Merchants, Innkeepers, Mechanics, Ship masters, and all others who are in want of help, can always obtain the best, without cost, by applying to WM. LEWIS, Jr. 56 Brattle st. J12

WANTED.—A young man in an office as clerk.
A young man in a family.
A young man in a victualling cellar.
A man to drive a team.
A boy to work in a hotel.
A salesman in a dry goods store—for the above situations apply at SILLOWAY'S, 26 Exchange street. J12

WANTED.—A young man in a Hotel—apply at 4 Brattle square. J12

WANTED.—A young man to drive a coach in this city. Also—a man to drive a team—apply to WM. LEWIS, Jr. 56 Brattle st. J11

WANTED.—Several young men are wanted as clerks in dry goods stores—in hat stores—in book stores.
Also—in families in this city—apply to WM. LEWIS, Jr. 56 Brattle st. J11

YOUTH'S KEYS.—A few copies of this neat and interesting little volume for sale at the reduced price of 62 cents, by MARSH, CAPEN & LYON 133 Washington street. 1w—J29

PARTNER WANTED.—In a Southern Port, with a capital of 2000 dollars.
Also—one in an inland town, with a capital of 1500 dollars—Inquire— J27 2w3w J. A. SILLOWAY, 26 Exchange st.

EMPLOYMENT.—A SILLOWAY, young men can have employment, by applying at 4 Brattle square. J10

WANTED.—A young man 18 or 17 years of age, in a counting room, where he can have a permanent situation—app y at 4 Brattle square. J7

TO LET.—A three story brick house in Castle street, containing 7 rooms—apply to U. J. CLARK, 4 Brattle square Jan 14

FRENCH COTTON FLANNELS.—For sale by S. S. LYNDE Pemberton Hill J25

FANCY SOAP.—by sehr China, at very low prices.—Just received and for sale by JABEZ HATCH, Jr. No 69 Congress street.
5 cases superior white Windsor Soap—1 do do Palm and variegated—1 do do pure white Otto Rose, a very superior article—1 do do cartons Otto Rose do—1 do do 65 do pressed and ornamented with figures—1 do shaving cakes.
Dealers are requested to call and examine the above lot. J15

STOCK OF W. I. GOODS FOR SALE.—The stock and stand of a wholesale & 1 goods store, with an unexpired lease and a privilege of extension of three years at a low rent, is offered for sale. To any one desirous of commencing in the above business with a moderate capital the present offers a rare opportunity. Apply to J. A. SILLOWAY, 26 Exchange st. J17

PICKED UP ADRIPT.—off Cape Elizabeth, the 2d inst., a Yawl Boat, with the name "Enoch Lincoln" on her stern, with oars, sails, rudder, &c. The owner can obtain the same by applying to HIRAM TREAT, master of the sehr Warsaw, or to S. E. BENSON, 42 Commercial street, by paying charges. feb 6

HOUSE FOR SALE AT SOUTH BOSTON.—For sale, a House on Broadway, near Mr Wright's house, the building is an Ell house, 56 front and 34 feet deep. The land is 61 by 56 feet. The house requires no repairs, is built of the best materials, all filled in with brick—and has very excellent water—washes as well as rain water. Price low and terms accommodating. Apply to CHAS. MCINTIRE, 5 Exchange st. J31

PORTRAIT, MINIATURE AND FRUIT PAINTING.—REUBEN ROWLEY respectfully announces to the citizens of Boston and vicinity, that he continues to paint Portraits, Miniatures, and Fruit Pieces, of various sizes and prices. Gentlemen and ladies are respectfully invited to call at his rooms in Pearl Place, No 11, and examine his specimens. His exhibition room will be open all hours of the day, from 8 o'clock A. M. until 8 P. M. J1

LAW REGISTER.—The New England and New York Law Register for 1835—containing an Almanac, descriptions of the Courts, and the times of their sessions, names of the judges, counsellors and attorneys at law, sheriffs and other law officers &c. &c. By John Hayward, assisted by professional gentlemen in each of the States to which the work is for sale by MARSH, CAPEN & LYON, 133 Washington street J15

GENTLEMEN in want of good articles adapted to the present season, will do well to call at No 10 Congress street and examine some splendid Cloths, Cassimeres and fancy Vestings, just received.
Also, on hand a large assortment of Ready Made Clothing oct 20 N. P. SNELLING

RICH MANTLE GRATES.—A superior article can be obtained at the Manufactory, No 9 Congress square, (up stairs). Gentlemen about furnishing their Parlors or Chambers with Grates, will do well before purchasing to call and examine the Grates manufactured at this establishment.
Grates made to order at short notice.
Gentlemen that are building, can be furnished with Grates of every variety, warranted inferior to none manufactured in the city. BENJAMIN BLANEY. July 11

A SPLENDID ARTICLE FOR LADIES.—A. THOMAS O. BRISCALL, at No 8 State street, north side City Hall, the original Manufacturer of Satin Breeches, BONNETS, adapted to the present season; he being the Manufacturer of the article can recommend them for quality and durability, which is not excelled by any thing of the kind in the market. They will be sold cheap for Cash. The Ladies are requested to call and examine this splendid article. J410

REMOVAL.—SAWYER & GOODNOW have removed from 251 Washington street, to 13 Court street, where they intend keeping a general assortment of Boots and Shoes of the best quality—which they will sell as cheap as can be had at any other store in the city.
N. B.—Just received a fresh assortment of Ladies' French Shoes. Also—Gentlemen's calf, horse, seal and goat Boots. a20

20 TIERCES ENGLISH LINED OIL.—50 barrels Dutch do do—50 cases Gun Copal—30 barrels Refined Salmetre—3 bales Ipecac—7 cases Bengal and Manila Indigo, with a general assortment of Paints, Drugs, Dye Stuffs, Surgical Instruments, &c. For sale by FLETCHER & HAYWARD, No 2 India street. J17

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.—FLETCHER & HAYWARD, No 2 India street, have just received a fresh supply of Dissecting, Pocket and Amputating Knives and Scissors. Also, constantly on hand a general assortment of Surgical Instruments, Tooth Forceps and Trusses. nov 5

COLUMBIAN CORN SALVE.—A pleasant and effective cure for Corns, prepared by D. DAVIS, Cambridge, Mass. The above article may be had in any quantity of TROT & CO. No 122 State st, and E. E. HOLDEN, corner of Beacon and Charles st. Boston. ep1w—2w3m J10

BEAVER HATS, CAPS, &c.—A splendid assortment of Beaver and other Hats, are kept constantly for sale at BARRY'S Commission Store, where also may be found every description of Caps, of every kind of fashion and color—Gentlemen's Gloves, of various descriptions—silk and cotton Umbrellas, &c. &c. ep1f—J25

NEW AND FASHIONABLE.—Received this day, 1 case Cassimeres, and 1 case Vestings, direct from London, by the Virginia, at New York, and the above of superior quality and style. Also, the latest and most fashionable goods received from England. JOHN G. WYMAN 71 Washington st. J24

THE BOSTON ACADEMY'S COLLECTION OF CHURCH MUSIC.—consisting of the most popular Psalm and Hymn Tunes, Anthems, Sentences, Chants &c.—old and new. For sale by MARSH, CAPEN & LYON, 133 Washington st. 4w—J4

REGISTERS FOR 1835.—The Massachusetts Register and United States Calendar for 1835.
The New England and New York Law Register for 1835.
The New Hampshire Register for 1835—for sale by J29—1w MARSH, CAPEN & LYON, 133 Washington st.

TENNENT'S PHILADELPHIA STOCKS.—J. G. WYMAN has received a small invoice of the above beautiful Neck Stocks. Gentlemen wishing the article can be supplied by calling immediately—71 Washington st. opposite the Post office J24

10 BARRELS ENG. REFINED BORAX.—25 lbs Saltpetre, 500 lbs Oxalic Acid, 300 lbs Carb. Ammonia, 2000 lbs Paris Salt Soda—for sale by FLETCHER & HAYWARD, No 2 India street. ep1f—July 18

A CARD.—The subscriber has received on consignment, A genuine Camel's Hair Shawl. The peculiar delicacy of fabric and beauty of the above article will hardly admit of a printed notice. It may be seen at 93 Washington street, (up stairs). E. K. WHITAKER. feb 5

ACCOUNT BOOKS.—Constantly for sale by JOHN MARSH, 84 Washington st. Account Books of all the usual patterns, made of fine linen paper, and bound in the most approved style. Also, Account Books for the country trade. Albums, Blank Books and Manuscripts for Schools, of every description, at the lowest prices. o 11

JUST RECEIVED.—at N. P. SNELLING'S, a prime assortment of FANCY GOODS, viz.—Stocks, Gloves, Hosiery, Suspenders, Umbrellas, and Handkerchiefs of all kinds. Tailors' Chic and Tape Measures constantly on hand by wholesale or retail, at No 10 Congress street, 5 doors from State street. o20

STABLE TO LET.—To let, a Stable, formerly connected with the Manufacturers' Hotel, in Salem st. The building is in good order, and will accommodate thirty or forty horses. Rent low Apply to CHARLES MCINTIRE, 5 Exchange st. J19

6000 LBS AFRICAN CAYENNE.—6000 do Ground Bayberry Bark—just received and for sale at GEYER'S Apothecary store, 104 Hanover, junction of Salem st. J14

50 BRIS KENNEBEC CIDER. of prime quality, just received and for sale by S. E. BENSON, 42 Commercial st. J12

GIN, BRANDY AND WINE.—25 pipes Holland Gin, "Weesp" and "Imperial" brand—15 pipes and halves Cognac Brandy, "Pell-voison" brand—pipes, halves and quarts Sercial Madeira wine, for sale by JAMES LEEDS, Jr. & Co, 18 Long wharf. J1

100 BUSH. PRIME EASTERN APPLES. in good order—just received—and for sale by S. E. BENSON, No 42 Commercial st. J29

CASTLE SOAP, CANDLES, &c.—200 boxes and cases Castle—250 do do Soda—150 do do Olive—1000 do No. 1 and Shipping—500 do New Mould, Candles—200 lbs Neat's Foot Oil. For sale by E. A. & W. WINCHESTER, No. 15 South Market street. J24

A CARD TO THE LADIES.—T. O. BRISCALL is constantly making a splendid assortment of Satin Breeches at his factory, Congress square and a State street. J5

AT N. P. SNELLING'S. No 10 Congress st, may be found a prime assortment of reasonable goods, all of which will be made to order in the most workmanlike manner and most reasonable terms. J19

BLACK OSTRICH PLUMES.—300 bunches for sale by S. S. LYNDE. J13

BLACK PLOTH FOR LADIES' HATS.—for sale by J10 S. S. LYNDE.

BARK.—17 cords Bark, of superior quality, just received and for sale by SETH E. BENSON, No 42 Commercial street. feb 6

BAG SALT.—700 bags fine blown Liverpool Salt 10 to 12 ton—for sale by FERDINAND E. WHITE, 22 Long wharf. 2wis J13

BOX FRUIT.—300 boxes Gibraltar branch Raisins; 100 do Malaga do do, in fine order—for sale by F. E. WHITE, 22 Long wharf. J10

BLANK BOOKS. of the best manufacture, and in every variety, constantly for sale at the lowest prices, by J29—1st JAMES B. DOW, 302 Washington st.

BLONDE GOODS.—One case just received, containing Demi-Veils, Scarfs and Hdkfs. Also, one case more wadded Robes, new patterns and extra sizes—for sale very low by E. K. WHITAKER. J1—d18

BLACK FRENCH CLOTHS.—J. G. WYMAN has received 4 pieces of the above valuable Cloths, of very extra fine quality, which he will make to order into Gentlemen's Garments in the latest and best style. J3

CASH TO LET.—In Small Sums—by U. J. CLARK, No 4 Brattle square. J22

CAMPEACHY LOGWOOD.—200 tons first quality—for sale by KENDALL & KINGSBURY, 17 India wharf. o21—ep1st

COTE ROTIE.—50 cases this superior wine for summer use, for sale by JAMES LEEDS, Jr. & Co. No 18 Long wharf. J15

COGNAC BRANDY.—10 half pipes, "A. Seignette" brand, now landing from sehr Canoe, and entitled to debenture—for sale by JAMES LEEDS, Jr. & Co. 18 Long wharf. J15

CRUISE OF THE POTOMAC.—Life of Crabbe, by C. H. Smith—Phillips's Guide to the Doubting—And John Q. Adams's Eulogy on Lafayette—for sale by JAMES B. DOW, South End. J23

DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE.—For sale, a genteel three story brick House, built in modern style, with all the usual conveniences, and within 4 minutes' walk of State st. Terms easy. Price \$4,500. Apply to J14—eotf CHARLES MCINTIRE, 5 Exchange st.

EXTRA QUALITY blue black Pelisse Satins—a few pieces for sale by S. S. LYNDE. J9

EMBROIDERED WORSTED HOSE.—Painted FLOOR CLOTHS—for sale by S. S. LYNDE. J8

FRESH SEVILLE OLIVES.—1000 jars of superior quality, on board ship Alcione, from Cadix—for sale by J19—2w FERDINAND E. WHITE, 22 Long wharf.

FRENCH SLIPPERS AT HALF PRICE.—60 dozen black, white and colored Satin and Morocco French Slippers, slightly spotted—for sale by S. S. LYNDE. J13

FRESH CASTINA NUTS AND TAPIACA.—JOHN TYLER has for sale at No 9 Central wharf, just landed—100 bags Fresh Castina Nuts—22 bbls Fresh Tapioca. J26

GENTLEMEN'S WHITE SILK GLOVES.—For sale by S. S. LYNDE, Pemberton hill. J20

GROUND LOGWOOD.—In tierces and bbls, warranted Campeachy wood—for sale by KENDALL & KINGSBURY, 17 India wharf. ep1st J15

GERMAN MOCCASINS.—One case, assorted sizes, of the above seasonable article, just received, and for sale by E. K. WHITAKER. ep1st—o2f J26

GUM SHELLAC.—20 cases Orange, Gernet and Liver, for sale by FERDINAND E. WHITE, 22 Long wharf. an 3

JOHNSTON'S SCRAPS FOR 1835.—Just published and for sale at MARSH'S, 34 Washington st. J12

LADIES' CLOAKS.—The subscriber will open this morning, 2 cases French Cloaks, of new fabrics and designs—which will be sold at exact cost of importation. J29 ep1st—o2m E. K. WHITAKER.

LADIES' FRENCH TASSELS.—J. G. WYMAN has received this day, 1 case Ladies' Tassels, of various sizes, direct from Paris, of assorted colors and rich and beautiful styles. 71 Washington street. J20

LIBRARY OF AMERICAN BIOGRAPHY.—by Vol 3—containing the life and treason of Benedict Arnold by Jared Sparks—for sale by MARSH, CAPEN & LYON. J51

MESS BEEF.—50 bbls Mess Beef, Boston Inspection—for sale by KENDALL & KINGSBURY, 17 India wharf. J25

MORE NEW CRAVATS.—1 case rich English Silk Cravats, received this day—Nov 22—of entire new and fashionable patterns. J24 J. G. WYMAN, 71 Washington st.

NOTICE.—Clerks, Book keepers, Bar keepers, Salesmen, Laboring men and boys, can be had at any time on short notice, without cost, by applying to J. A. SILLOWAY, 26 Exchange st. J19

PALM OIL.—25 casks for sale by KENDALL & KINGSBURY, 17 India wharf. J30

PARIS PATTERNS.—5 cartons needle work Lace and Muslim Collars and Fishersetts, unusually low—just received by S. S. LYNDE. J13

PERCUSSION CAPS.—100 M. large size Percussion Caps, for sale by J. HATCH, Jr. 49 Congress street. o21—1st

ROSIN.—No 1 and common, for sale by F. E. WHITE, 22 Long wharf. Jan 9

RED SEA MYRRH.—600 lbs Red Sea Myrrh, just received and for sale by HENSHAW & CO, 22 (Granite stores) Commercial wharf. 6w—J20

REMOVAL.—JOHN G. WYMAN, Merchant Tailor, has removed from No 8 Court street to 71 Washington street, Brooks's new block, directly opposite the Post Office. J15

REAL ERMINE ROBES.—One very superb real Ermine Robe, warranted perfect, just received, and for sale low by E. K. WHITAKER. J21st oct 6

SUGAR BOX SHOOKS.—1000 first quality 44 inch Boxes, now afloat and for sale by SETH E. BENSON, 42 Commercial st. J20

SALESMAN WANTED in a dry goods store—apply at 4 Brattle square. J7

TO BE LET.—House No 12 Carver street—apply to J14—eotf CHARLES MCINTIRE, 5 Exchange st.

TO RENT.—A House in Beacon street—rent \$250. Apply to C. O. ONTHANK, No 14 Milk street. ep1w J15

TENEMENTS TO BE LET IN SALEM ST.—To be let a number of small tenements in No 38 Salem street. Rents from \$50 to \$150. Apply to J14—eotf CHARLES MCINTIRE, 5 Exchange st.

WORK SHOP.—To let, a work shop, suitable for a Painter, or any mechanical business, centrally situated corner of Milk and Atkinson sts—Inquire of H. BRUNS WICK, Furniture Warehouse, corner of Milk and Devonshire sts. J12

WEESP GIN.—20 pipes very superior high flavored Weesp Gin, just received per ship Eagle from Amsterdam, for sale by JAMES LEEDS, Jr. & Co., 18 Long wharf. J23

WANTED.—A young man in a private family—pply at 4 Brattle square. J7

WANTED.—A young man in a dry goods store—apply at 4 Brattle square. J16

YELLOW FLAT CORN & MEAL.—On board sehr Rapid—3500 bushels Yellow Flat Corn

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1835.

John Q. Adams's Speech.—There have been so many different versions given of the remarks of this gentleman, upon submitting his Resolution relative to the French Question, that we thought our readers would like to peruse an accurate report of what he did utter, and accordingly have copied the following from the *Globe* :—

"Mr J. Q. Adams said, in introducing this resolution, his purpose was that the committee on Foreign Relations should be instructed to report forthwith—he used the word *forthwith*, in order to ascertain whether that House thought it inconsistent with their duty, and the interests and honor of the nation, to leave this great subject any longer without action upon it. And as the action of the House must depend upon the report to be made by that committee, there was no other mode of arriving at that result than by instructing the committee to report forthwith. He had no objection to any amendment which the honorable chairman of the committee on Foreign Relations, (Mr. Cambreleng) or any other member, might propose, who thought it necessary to allow that committee further time to consider the subject—but he deemed it important that, as we were then within a short month of the termination of the session, and as from the correspondence just read, as well as from the reports in general circulation throughout the country, he thought it exceedingly doubtful whether anything more definitive would be received with respect to the action of the French Government upon that treaty. The letter from Mr. Livingston of the 6th of December, the day after the new French ministry had obtained what that gentleman called a victory, speaks in very sanguine terms of the probability of the Chamber of Deputies passing the bill of appropriations. But what did his subsequent letter, dated fifteen days afterwards, say? He tells us that the new ministry were far from willing to hazard their popularity upon proposing the bill. Well, then, Mr. Livingston concluded with saying, that he was by no means sanguine—and other reports from Paris, and from almost every other source, concurred in stating that there was no prospect whatever, that the French Chamber would make any appropriation, to provide for the payment of this debt. That was also the general tenor of all the private communications from Paris. Now, under these circumstances, he thought it time for the House to take up the proposition of the President of the United States at the commencement of the present session; to take it up, and see whether that House would do what the President proposed upon the happening of a contingency, which Mr. A. considered as scarcely longer a contingency.—He considered the subsequent despatch of Mr. Livingston as equivalent to ascertaining the fact, that the contingency contemplated by the message of the President, would be turned into a reality—that is to say, ascertaining that the French Chamber of Deputies would do nothing. Mr. A. did not undertake to say that what the President had recommended at the commencement of the session, would be the wisest and the most proper course, but he would say this much, that he believed it to be the duty of the House to act upon this subject, and declare, whether they would comply with the proposition of the President, or that they would do something to sustain the rights, interests, and honor of the nation; and that the chairman of the committee on Foreign Relations, in asking for further time, was not pursuing the best course Mr. A. found himself desirous that the committee should make their report. He had not tied down the committee by proposing instructions as to what they should report; he only asked that they should report. A member of the committee, some days since, did propose specific instructions, but the House thought proper, by a very small majority, to reject the proposition. As the time passed, however, it became more imperative, more absolutely necessary for the House to act upon this important subject. For himself, he desired action; and in the mean time, between this and the close of the session of Congress, anything more favorable should turn up, action on the part of the House could do no wrong. Let the House say to the nation, and to the world, that they would sustain the President in the proposition he made. Let them say so to the world, and if their declaration went to Europe, and if it should be found that the French Chamber of Deputies had made the appropriation, it could do no harm; but it would show that that House felt what was due to the dignity, the honor, and the interests of the nation. Whatever might be said of the message of the President, Mr. A. for one would say, as was once said in the case of General La Fayette, that whoever censured its imprudence, must yet admire its spirit. It would go forth to all mankind as the sustainer of the rights, the honor, and the interests of this country, and he hoped the House would not suffer itself to appear in a contradicted character with the President of the United States, by shrinking from responsibility, in order not to commit themselves to the nation. At least, let them have the subject in a shape to act and deliberate upon, so that they might declare what they would do, and how they would feel when the honor and interests of the nation were involved."

Among the public nuisances, from which the community suffer, that portion of it whose interest or inclination induce them to visit the Representatives' Chamber, complain of the insolence of the superannuated old man whom the Legislature has seen fit to appoint its principal messenger. The conveniences for spectators are very limited, at best, but when, in addition to this fact, they are subjected to rude, gross, and unprovoked insults from one of the servants of the House, their situation is, indeed, very uncomfortable.—The present messenger has become incapacitated by the natural feebleness and puerility of age for the proper discharge of his duties—his manners are coarse and offensive, and his assumption of power as unnecessary as it is unauthorized in ordering the demeanor of those who may come within the precincts of the State House. His rudeness has been borne with by the public with great forbearance, and acts which have produced a sudden and summary chastisement if perpetrated by any one else, have been tolerated in him on the score that he was too old to know better. We hope that this will be the last year that the public will be compelled to suffer from his testy and offensive arrogance. The station of principal Messenger is one of importance, and should be filled by an individual capable of discharging its duties with propriety; the salary is sufficiently liberal to secure the services of an active, intelligent and gentlemanly man, and we hope that those whose duty it is to provide such an one will not neglect this obligation at the commencement of the next political year.

The following gentlemen have been chosen delegates to the National Convention, by a Democratic Convention of the members of the Maine Legislature:—Jabez Bradbury, Nathaniel Clark, N. G. Jewett, John C. Humphrey, Amos H. Hodgman, John D. McCrate, Charles Jarvis, Hezekiah Williams, John Dickinson, Otis L. Bridges, Reuel Williams, Amos Nourse, Edward L. Osgood, Timothy J. Carter, Samuel Farrar, Cullen Sawtelle, Samuel Veasey, Cyrus Moore, Rich'd Smart, and Nathaniel Ide.

New York Banks.—The Bank Commissioners have made their Annual Report to the Legislature. "It will be perceived," says the *Argus*—

"That the condition of our banks were never more prosperous, nor the state of our currency ever more sound, than at this moment; a remark that has the more force and is entitled to the more consideration, from the extraordinary and unprecedented efforts of politicians, aided by a great money power, during a portion of the year, to affect injuriously not only their business operations, but to weaken their credit and threaten them with bankruptcy."

The report embraces the Safety Fund Banks only.—These are seventy-six in number, exclusive of two branches; the aggregate capital of which is \$21,231,560. There are ten other banks subject to the visitation of the Commissioners; and the entire banking capital in the State is \$31,406,460.

We repeat from the report, the aggregate liabilities and resources of the Safety Fund banks:—

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts,	\$52,853,630
Real estate,	1,200,417
Stocks,	551,568
Specie,	5,561,745
Bk. notes of other Bks.	5,745,626
Cash items,	670,363
City Banks,	4,941,877
Other Banks,	5,616,847
	\$77,145,073
LIABILITIES.	
Circulation,	\$14,464,023
Dividends,	369,251
Canal Fund,	3,657,858
Loans,	955,310
Deposites,	14,384,236
Banks,	14,257,243
	\$48,08,921

The aggregate specie has increased since the last report, in the safety fund banks alone, from \$2,196,957 to \$5,561,745; and the aggregate on the 1st ult., in all the banks of the State, did not fall much short of eight millions of dollars. It may be also mentioned, that whilst the specie has nearly trebled its amount since last year, and the deposits have increased from \$10,812,727 to \$14,384,236, exclusive of an increase of \$1,006,947 of the monies of the canal fund, the circulation has decreased nearly a million of dollars (\$938,682.)"

The Currency, Small Notes, &c.—Mr Edwards, from the Committee on Banks, in the New York Assembly, has submitted a long report touching the currency, small notes, &c. accompanied by a bill prohibiting the issue and circulation of bank notes of a less denomination than \$5 after stated periods.

The bill was made the special order of the day for next Monday; and it is to be presumed that the measure which it proposes will be acted upon and adopted by the Legislature at an early day.

The report, says the *Argus*, is a full and able view of the interesting subject of the currency; and embraces not only the question of small notes, but the suggestions of the Governor as to the reduction of the issues and loans of the banks. Whilst the committee approve of and propose to carry out the proposition in relation to the former, they report against the adoption of the two latter measures at this time.

With regard to the former, the bill accompanying the report provides that all bank notes of a less denomination than \$5 shall cease to circulate after a period of eighteen months, viz. one's after the 1st of September next, and two's after the 1st March, 1836, and three's after the 1st September, 1836. And the banks are prohibited from issuing one's after 30 days, two's after 1st Sept. next, and three's after the 1st March, 1836; and from issuing notes at any time between \$5 and \$10.

The report, and the interesting tables appended to it, embrace a mass of information and statistical returns on the subject, of immediate and permanent value. For instance, one table shows that the amount of issues by the banks, over the amount of capital, was, on the 1st Jan. 1834, \$2,588,007, and on the 1st Jan. 1835, \$1,700,339. Another table shows that on the 1st Jan. 1834, the loans exceeded twice the amount of the aggregate capital, \$4,197,671; and \$4,072,872 on the 1st Jan. 1835. The tables also show that the banks in Albany and New York have \$6,214,157 in specie, and \$1,019,165 in small notes; whilst the banks out of those cities (exclusive of six from which returns are not received) have about \$1,000,000 in specie, and \$2,711,217 in small notes. The effect of the withdrawal of notes under \$5, upon the issues of the Bank of England, and the situation of banks in the states where notes under \$5 are prohibited and of those where they are permitted, are shown by other tables.

But the most interesting documents accompanying the report is that which exhibits the situation of the currency of this state. It is embodied in one table, of which the following is a summary:—

Total capital,	\$31,781,000
Specie (except banks),	7,250,000
Circulation,	16,674,301
One dollar notes,	1,085,535
Two's,	1,169,337
Three's,	1,476,037
Five's,	4,643,422
Tens,	2,702,650
Twenty's,	784,280
Fifty's,	622,185
One hundred's,	961,200
Five hundred's,	204,000
One thousand's,	436,000
Unknown, except that they are above \$5,	2,779,561

The aggregate amount of the notes now in circulation, under the denomination of \$5, is \$3,720,902. In this result, as in all respects, the report of the committee embraces all the banks in the state, as well those under the safety fund as others.

The following is an abstract of the bill introduced into the New-York legislature, by Mr Crain, to abolish capital punishment, and to provide for the punishment of certain crimes:—

§ 1. Every person who shall be hereafter convicted of treason against the people of this State, or of murder, or of arson in the first degree, shall be punished by being confined in a dark and solitary imprisonment during their natural lives.

§ 2. No keeper of any prison where such convict is confined, shall at any time suffer any communication whatever to be made to or from such convict, when so confined.

§ 3. Repealing clause.

Barker v. Homer.—In consequence of the great interest felt by the public, in the issue of this extraordinary case, we had made arrangements for publishing a full report of the evidence, but the sudden death of the defendant has arrested, for the present, the trial of the cause, and we deem it inadvisable to publish our report, which would necessarily present but one side of it.

No evil without good.—If we have war with France, Major Noah congratulates himself upon the fact, that it will turn the attention of our farmers, more than it yet has been, to the cultivation of Mulberry trees, for the purpose of raising silk worms.

Wm. Patterson, Esq. one of the oldest and most respectable merchants in Baltimore, died in that city on Saturday last.

In the destruction by fire of the Baltimore Athenaeum, the Maryland Academy of Arts and Sciences has met with a severe loss. The rooms occupied by the Academy were in the fourth-story of the building. In these were arranged, in costly and elegant cases and fixtures, valuable and interesting cabinets of minerals, shells, insects, birds, and other specimens of natural history—a collection of fifteen years' formation. There was also a library of costly works, not so valuable for its extent as for its interest and fitness for the purposes for which it was established. Buffon's Natural History, in 100 volumes, was among them. Added to these was an extensive collection of phrenological casts, imported from Edinburgh, comprising the heads of several hundreds of celebrated individuals. The property of the Academy was insured, but the loss, in many respects, is one which money cannot easily replace.

The Athenaeum building (says the *American*) is insured in the Equitable Society's office for \$20,000, and we hear that there are policies for \$10,000 each, in two other offices.

"I say he is a Saint." *Le Tartuffe.*

And so he is: if ever there was a Saint, Daniel Saint of Philadelphia is one. Dan. lives in his "own hired house," (American House) No. 20 South 6th street, and heartily welcomes all wayfarers who knock at his gate, knowing that thereby he may often "entertain angels unawares." Dan. does his best towards "fulfilling the law" of hospitality;—he has read that "man shall not live by bread alone," and consequently he procures each morning from the best of markets, and with the nicest discrimination, the flesh of bullocks, of calves and of lambs—the fowls of the air are arrested in their flight to fill his basket—the "deep, deep sea" yields subjects for his baker—and even the river mud exudes its terrapins for his stew.—Oh, such stews! We "do remember that such things were, and were most dear to us." Knowing that "wine maketh glad the heart," Dan. always keeps of the best,—so that the weary traveller who would "use a little for the stomach's sake," shall never be disappointed at his table. But as men are to be "known by their fruits" only, Dan. must not object to a little further discussion of his modest merits. Would you see Dan's fruits? Just look at his table after the upper cloth has been removed, and see the *desert* that with the *whitewash* comes!—My eyes! what delicious—but we dare not trust ourselves with particulars. Suffice it, that our ancient friend and quondam host "leads a good life"—for while he lives he "is sure to live well."

The New York Knickerbocker, for the present month, is one of the best numbers that has been published. "Our struggle for Independence," written by Col. Knapp, is a paper which would do honor to the pages of any Magazine in the English language. The poetic department is enriched by the genius of some of our best authors. "Desperation," is very happily done—in short, the contents of the whole number are of rare excellence, and we wish its publishers abundant success, and its editors equal renown.

The Last Days of Pompeii has been dramatised by a lady in New York, and was brought out at the Bowery on Monday night last. Mathews has taken passage for London.

Capt. Jonathan Dow, late Mayor of Portland, died in that city on Tuesday last.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The President's levee, last evening, was more generally attended than usual. The event of last week had given a "new interest" to the General. Gentlemen of all political parties were present, and offered their congratulations, in manifestation of their abhorrence of the homicidal attempt of the maniac Lawrence. The President was in good health and fine spirits, and uncommonly animated. His manners, which, when he is "in the vein," are certainly bland and graceful, were remarkably so on this occasion, and I was delighted with the animation with which he replied to the congratulations of a deuced pretty girl, as she shook her cordially by the hand, and seemed to steal fire from the brilliant orbs that beamed on his venerable countenance, "God bless you, my child—I thank you." The bright star of the night, amidst the constellations of the wedding, was the lady of the Cabinet Minister who is claimed as a son of New Hampshire. She is the decidedly the most splendid married woman in the city. Her figure is of excellent proportion, and in grace and dignity she is without a rival.—*Correspondence of the Transcript.*

The fire in Beverly st. which commenced at 10 o'clock on Wednesday evening, destroyed a carpenter's shop, owned by John Pierce, and occupied by Pierce and Osgood Eaton, and a stable, owned and occupied by O. & T. Fales. The fire, when first discovered, was among the shavings beneath the shop, and is supposed to have been occasioned by the carelessness of vagrants who have been in the habit of sleeping there over night. Mr Pierce's loss is estimated at \$900, and fully insured at the Merchants' Ins. Office.—*Briggs.*

The fire on Gray's wharf, Charlestown, on Wednesday evening, was the work of an incendiary; the sufferers were, John Runey, blacksmith, loss not known; Robert Turner, carpenter, loss \$400, not insured; Jno. Mitchell, loss 116 bundles stored hay, \$500, building supposed to be worth \$200; two engines from this city attended.—*Id.*

Two men (James Saunders and Abraham Bosson) were arrested in this town on Monday, and another by the name of Geo. B. Nutter, was arrested on Monday evening in Lynnfield, charged with being concerned in the riot at the Landmark Office, on Saturday night, mentioned in our last. An examination was held on Tuesday, before the Police Court, when Bosson was discharged. Nutter was ordered to recognize in the sum \$500, and Saunders in \$100, to take their trial at the court of common pleas to be held at Ipswich on the 3d Monday in March; Nutter was committed, not being able to find bail. We feel assured that the public excitement has greatly subsided, and believe that no further acts of violence are to be apprehended, all parties being willing to leave the matter to the decision of that tribunal whose province it is to protect the reputation, property and lives of the citizens.—*Salem Register.*

Imports of Specie into New York, from 26th to 31st January, 1835:—	
Gold Coin,	\$142,194
Silver Coin,	\$116,877
Total,	\$259,071

A young lad residing in the vicinity of Point Levi, while on his way to a neighbor's to return a lamp, was killed by the falling of an avalanche of snow. When found, the lamp was under his arm—he was covered with six feet of snow.

The number of steamboats which passed through the Louisville and Portland Canal, during the year 1834, was 938; the number of keel and flat boats, 723; the total tonnage was 162,000 tons; and the amount of toll received thereon \$61,848 17.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

In Senate, Thursday, Feb. 12.—On motion of Mr Metcalf, the bill to incorporate the Park street Congregational Society, was taken up, and on motion of Mr Gray, said bill was committed to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr Tufts presented the petition of Southworth Howland and others, for premiums for the raising of Mulberry Trees and for the culture of Silk—committed to the committee on Agriculture.

Mr Metcalf, from the committee on the Judiciary, on an order of the 7th inst. relating to appeals from the Court of Common Pleas, reported a bill in addition to an act to establish a Court of Common Pleas for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, which was read, made the order of the day for to-morrow, and ordered to be printed.

In the House.—The abstract of pauper returns was, on motion of Mr Lincoln, of Worcester, ordered to be printed. Petition of sundry persons for change of names, severally referred.

Bill reported relative to the service of Writs on Towns in case of prosecutions—res. reported authorizing a further appropriation of \$4000 for expenses incidental to the survey of the Commonwealth, severally passed to 2d reading—petition of sundry inhabitants of Newburyport, for alteration of the law concerning the fisheries in the Merrimack river—of sundry inhabitants of Webster for the amendment of their Corporate Charter; of J. W. Hammond, et al., of W. H. Gardner and 165 others, of Roxbury, severally for the repeal of the License Laws—of sundry inhabitants of Irving's Grant and New Salem, to be annexed to the Town of Orange, severally referred.

The House, in pursuance with a special assignment, proceeded to the consideration of the report of the committee on elections, relative to the members returned from Woburn.

Mr Chapman, of Greenfield, Chairman of the Committee, commenced reading the report, when he was interrupted by Mr Thaxter of Edgartown, (also one of the com.) who moved that the reading be dispensed with and that the report be laid on the table, for reasons that the report had been made by a minority of the Committee. Mr Chapman contended that the report had received the sanction of four out of the Committee of seven, that according to the system of mathematics in which he was educated constituted a majority. Mr Pierce of Stoughton, (another of the Committee) remarked that the report had never been read before the Committee. Mr Bigelow of Boston, moved to re-commit the entire report, and that the Committee agree upon something before they again lay the report before the House. The debate was continued by Messrs Chapman, Ashmun and others, nearly all the morning. Mr Bigelow subsequently withdrew his motion, which was renewed by Mr Brooks of Petersham. It was, however, afterwards negatived by vote of the House, and the discussion was continued on the subject of accepting the Report.

The House, on motion, resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole, Mr Baylies of Taunton in the Chair.

The debate continued till a late hour and nothing definite was effected.

The Committee at length rose and reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again to-morrow at 11 o'clock, and the House adjourned.

Mysterious Affair at Madrid.—The following mysterious event is just now exciting considerable interest at Madrid. About the end of November a young officer was seen crossing the street between the Marchioness de Villa Garcia's house and that of his uncle, the duke de San Lorenzo; he was wounded and his blood streaming. For three days together he lay in the most dangerous state. In vain did his powerful relations urge him to name his assassin; he declared that he had pledged his word of honour never to disclose it, and no entreaties could prevail upon him to reveal it. The husband was the first suspected, but he was at the time sitting in the Cortes. M. V., formerly the lady's lover, and Count de T., the husband's cousin, have been in turn suspected, till the youth has been at length accused of having himself inflicted his wounds. General Alava, M. di Borgo, the Sardinian Minister, and other friends, have accompanied the Marchioness herself to the young man's bedside, and implored him to divulge his secret for the sake of her character, but nothing has, at present, been elicited from him.

The Late Thaw.—Considerable injury has been done to roads and bridges in various quarters, by the late thaw. The *Barre Gazette* mentions that two or three Bridges on the road between this place and Hubbardston were carried away. A bridge in North Lancaster constructed within three years at an expense of \$12,000, was swept away, carried down stream and much broken to pieces. The damage to the bridges and causeways over and connected with the Nashua river alone will exceed the sum of \$2,000. Some of the roads in the eastern part of this County were unrecognizable very much injured. Five small bridges in Montague and Leverett over Saw Mill River were swept off by the rise of that stream.—*Greenfield Gaz.*

Shipwreck.—The new French barque Felix, Captain Salome, from Cette, for this port, consigned to A. Loubat, went ashore on Long Island, about 12 miles to the eastward of the Pavilion, Rockaway, on Thursday night, at 12 o'clock, and it is supposed will be lost.—Mr Bedell, who brought the information from Rockaway, informs that the vessel had not bilged on Friday evening, and that the cargo, consisting of 1500 casks wine, (upon which there is \$6000 insurance at one office in this city) may probably be saved. The crew had all landed.—*N. Y. Star.*

Serious Accident.—We learn that on the evening of the 4th, the stage from this city to Albany, passing up the west side of the river, was overturned about two miles south of Newburgh, and that Mr Tibbets, of this city had two ribs broken; another passenger much injured, and a lady slightly.—*Id.*

Caution.—A servant girl who lived nine months in a family, was discharged for dishonesty, and got into the penitentiary. When discharged, she called on several friends, who were intimate in the family in which she had been in service, and represented that they were about giving a large party, and solicited the loan of spoons, cake baskets, and other valuable plate, which were sent, but fortunately not by the servant, excepting one dozen spoons, which she obtained.—*Id.*

A sensible man.—We have not for some time heard of a more sensible man than the venerable Joseph Clark, who, after having been 45 years Treasurer of Rhode Island, was, at the age of seventy, nominated as a candidate for Governor. On being informed by the committee of the fact, he gave the following answer.—*N. Y. Trans.*

"As I have enjoyed a good character among my fellow citizens all my life, as is proved by their choosing me their Treasurer more than forty years, I have no notion of losing it now, in my old age, by being set up for Governor."

Factory Burnt.—A factory, owned and occupied by Mr Eldridge, in the southerly part of this town, was destroyed by fire last Thursday night. It was used for the manufacture of pelisse wadding. The only insurance was that of \$250 on the stock, at the Manufacturers' office in this town.—*Worcester Pal.*

Sudden Death.—On Sunday morning the Rev Joseph Sandford died suddenly, a few minutes after he had taken his seat in the Methodist Episcopal Church in Greene street. His death is supposed to have been caused by a disease of the heart.—*N. Y. Gaz.*

A lucky hit.—"Wasn't that well done?" said a waterman on the Sasquehanna, as his raft struck one of the piers of the Harrisburg bridge; "there's five on 'em, and I only hit one."

The Steam Boat Mail arrived at an early hour last evening. The New York Evening Star was the only paper received at this office. We have copied from it the proceedings of the House of Representatives on Monday, which is all the news it contains.

CONGRESS.

In the House of Representatives, on Monday, Mr McKinley obtained leave to submit a resolution "setting apart Thursday next for the election of a printer to the House." Mr Robertson hoped before this resolution would be adopted, that he would be allowed an opportunity of explaining the views which actuated him in submitting, on Saturday last, a resolution relative to this subject, providing to abolish the appointment and to substitute in lieu thereof, that all government printing should be done by contract. The Speaker intimated that it was in the pleasure of the House to hear the hon. member in support of his resolution, which having been obtained, Mr Robinson proceeded to address the House in support of his resolution.

Mr Sutherland moved to amend the resolution of Mr McKinley by adding the words "*viva voce*." Mr McK. accepted the modification. Mr McKinley was proceeding to address the House, when Mr Chilton Allan moved that the House proceed to the orders of the day. The speaker said, that the hour appropriated to reports and resolutions had not yet elapsed. Mr McKinley, thereupon, proceeded to oppose the resolution proposed by the gentleman from Virginia, contending that the House was the proper tribunal by which this officer should be appointed, and intimated his preference of the election *viva voce*. When, without taking any vote on the resolution, on motion of Mr Allan, the House proceeded to the order of the day, being certain bills reported from the committee on territories.

Going like Clock-work.—Just about the time that Mr Sheridan took his house in Saville-row, he happened to meet Lord Guilford in the street, to whom he mentioned his change of residence, and also announced a change in his habits. "Now, my dear Lord," said Sheridan, "every thing is carried on in my house with the greatest regularity—every thing, in short, goes like clock-work." "Ah," replied Lord Guilford, "tick, tick, tick, I suppose."

Memorial to Congress.—A memorial has been prepared for signature in this town, the object of which is to petition the Congress of the U. States, to pass an act of Non-Intercourse with France, until the Treaty of 1831 shall be complied with—and not to resort to War or Reprisals.—*Salem Register.*

The Philadelphia Enquirer of yesterday says, the weather on Saturday and yesterday was bitter cold, vying in intensity with that early in January. The river yesterday was full of ice, as yet floating; but which will soon unite, if there is no change in the temperature.

Farmington Canal.—The damages the Farmington Canal has sustained, in consequence of the late freshet, are said to be very great. Those in the neighborhood of Westfield, Mass., are estimated from 10 to \$15,000.

National Convention.—Our democratic brethren of the West appear desirous that the National Convention should be held either at Pittsburg or Cincinnati, objecting to Baltimore as too remote, and not sufficiently central.—*Pennsylvanian.*

Names.—The following names have been given to the new counties in Missouri, by the Legislature of that State: Rives, Johnson, Benton, Polk, Barry, Taney, and White.

A young man was gored by a bull at Spring Garden, Philadelphia, so badly as to endanger his life.

The Militia of the United States, according to the latest returns, comprises 1,336,829 men.

A CARD.—The Selectmen of Charlestown, in behalf of the Town, tender their thanks to the Boston Fire Department for their prompt assistance and friendly feelings manifested at the late fire on Gray's wharf—which were so successful in arresting the progress of the flames threatening such wide destruction. Also, to the Engine Companies of the adjacent towns, which, notwithstanding their distance from the fire, were so early on the ground.

Per order, THO. HOOPER, Chairman.

TREMENT ANTI-SWEARING SOCIETY.—A meeting of this society will be held on SATURDAY EVENING next, at the Boylston House, School street, at 7½ o'clock. Some business will come before the society which will be for the interest of every member, and they are therefore respectfully requested to give their punctual attendance.

LECTURES ON PHRENOLOGY.—The remaining five lectures of the course will be given by the Rev John Pierpont. In the course of these lectures, the subjects of Education and Legislation will be elucidated according to phrenological principles. There will be a lecture every FRIDAY EVENING, at the Masonic Temple at 7 o'clock.

The price of tickets for the course has been reduced to one dollar—single, 25 cents.

JOB PRINTING, OF EVERY VARIETY, NEATLY, QUICKLY, AND CHEAPLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

PENSION BLANKS.—Blank POWERS OF ATTORNEY for Revolutionary Pensioners under the act of 1832, may be had at this office.

sept 25

MARRIED.

In this city, on Tuesday evening, by Rev Mr Hague, Edwin Forbes to Julia Ann Boyden.

At Maldonado, in the River La Platte, on the 6th December, Francis Leland, formerly of Boston, and now of the house of Davidson, Leland & Co. of Montreal, to Eufemia Aquila, daughter of Don Francisco Aquila, of the former place.

DIED.

In this city, on Wednesday, Truman Flower, child of Thos M. Field, 3 years.

On Wednesday, David Homer, 54—funeral this afternoon from his late residence in West street.

In Lynn, on Friday last, Sarah, widow the late Henry Silsbee, 70.

In Andover, on Wednesday, Mary D. daughter of Mark H. Newman, 3 years and 6 mos.

In Milton, on Monday, John Reed, 80.

In Portland, 10th inst. Capt Jonathan Dow, former Mayor of that city, aged about 50.

IMPORTATIONS.

MARSEILLES.—Brig Canning—1300 kilos salt—15 casks ground madder—3 bbls shoes—1 case bulbous roots—14 cheese—80 casks red brimstone—19 bbls squills—2 bales 6 box onions—141 bales wool.

AUP CAYES.—Schr Teazer—1030 bags coffee—12 tons log-wood.

NEW ORLEANS.—Bark Clement—568 bales cotton—104 bbls wool—200 bbls the soup—419 bbls pork—520 kegs lard—289 half boxes glass—5 pkgs dry goods.

CHARLESTON.—Brig Cervantes—336 bales cotton—454 lbs 105 lb of rice—9 bags beeswax.

Ship Seaman—597 cts,

of the real estate of Josiah B. Spear, late of Boston, man, deceased, as will raise the sum of one hundred and eight dollars and eighty-two cents, for the payment of debts and incidental charges.

